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THE ARCTIC UNIVERSITY OF NORWAY

The Polar Code
Ships in Cold Water – Arctic Issues
Examined
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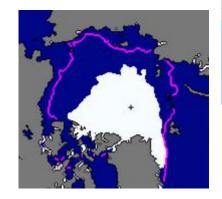


Overview

- Background and main features
- Special focus:
 - Operational limitations
 - Environmental protection
- Conclusions



Sea ice September 2013



Sea ice September 2012



IMO and the Arctic:

The adequacy of the existing rules and standards

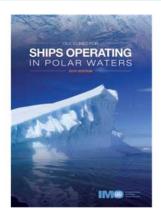
IMO conventions and guidelines

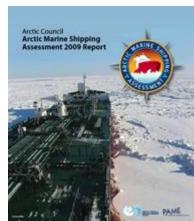
2009: Arctic Marine Shipping Assessment (AMSA)

2010-2014: From hazard matrix to negotiating text to a draft Polar Code

2014-?: Consideration and adoption by the two relevant committees (MSC and MEPC)

2016: Enter into force?





Draft International Code for Ships operating in Polar Waters

Preamble

Introduction

Part I-A Safety Measures

- General
- Polar Water Operational Manual
- Ship structure
- Stability and subdivision
- Watertight and weathertight integrity
- Machinery installations
- Fire safety/protection
- Life-saving appliances and arrangements

- Safety of navigation
- Communication
- Voyage planning
- Crewing/manning/training

Part I-B Additional guidance

Part II-A Pollution Prevention measures

- Prevention of oil pollution
- Prevention of pollution from noxious liquid substances
- Prevention of pollution by sewage from ships
- Pollution by garbage

Part II- B Additional guidance

Appendix: Polar Ship Certificate

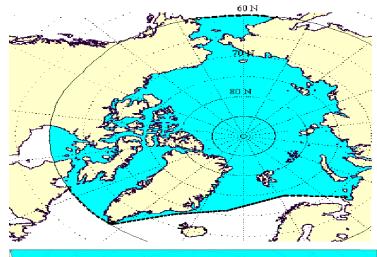
Legal status and application

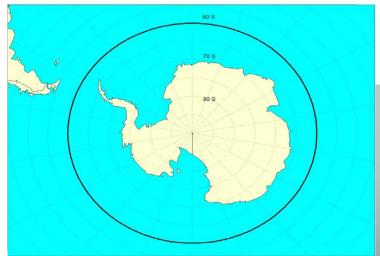
Legal status:

- Mandatory through amendments of SOLAS 74 and MARPOL 73/78 annexes
- Amendments through use of reference or "inclusion"?

Application:

- Arctic waters and Antarctic Area
- Ships operating in polar waters





Normative design

Risk-based approach:

- Design of the Polar Code
- Operational limitations

Goal-based approach:

- Goals, functional requirements and prescriptive rules
- Provides flexibility
- Legal status and application
- Verification of compliance

How to mitigate the risks? Operational limitations

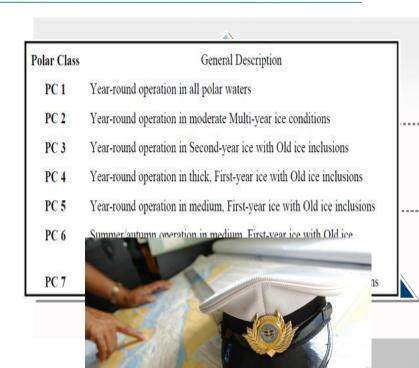
Formal requirements:

- Polar Ship Certificate
- Polar Waters Operational Manual

Sources of risks/hazards:

- Sea ice
- Low temperatures
- Adequate and competent crew

Operating within the limitations



Polar Code and environmental protection

Effects of shipping on the polar marine environment

Areas of possible regulations:

- Ban on transport of MARPOL Annex I and II cargoes
- Operational discharge of oil
- Sewage and grey water, garbage
- Emissions to air (incl. black carbon)
- Others (e.g. noise, ship strikes, ballast water)

The Polar Code - Pollution prevention measures:

- Oil pollution: Any discharge into the sea of oil and oily mixtures is prohibited
- Pollution from **noxious liquid substances**: Any discharge is prohibited
- Pollution from sewage: Additional requirements on distance from ice and ban from new vessels
- Pollution from garbage: Additional restrictions on discharge of food waste



Conclusions

Polar Code in operation:

- Enter into force
- National implementation

The importance of its context, legal as non-legal:

- Global (other IMO regulations)
- Regional cooperation (e.g. SAR, port state)
- Coastal State regulations and enforcement
- Still remote, ice-covered, cold